"A bridge of groans across a stream of tears."

Philip J. Bailey

"A blister on top of a tumor, and a boil on top of that."

Sholom Aleichem

"Like eating artichokes—you've got to go through so much to get so little."

T. A. Dorgan

"An onion, and one peels it crying."

French Proverb

"A span of time in which the first half is ruined by our parents and the second half by our children." Anonymous

"The thief comes only to steal and kill and destroy; I came that they may have life, and have it abundantly."

Jesus Christ (John 10:10)



That They May Have Life

- What is life?
- Where does life come from?
- How do we get it?

That They May Have Life

- Not talking about justification
 - Nor mere existence
 - Rather, human existence as it was intended to be

What is Life?

- Start with the nature of man
 - —Di- or Trichotomy?
 - Man is soul (and/or spirit) that possesses or inhabits a body

What is Life?

- Start with the nature of man
 - -OT: holistic unity, not union
 - Man is an integrated whole, not an assembly of parts

"Human beings are described as a soul/body unity from the very beginning. ...Genesis says, 'The LORD God formed the man from the dust of the ground and

"breathed into his nostrils the breath of life, and the man became a living being [soul]' (2:7). That is, the whole unity of dust (matter) and breath (life) was a vital being."

"...if both soul and body were not created as a unity, then the murder of a body would not be wrong. But it is, for God said, 'Whoever sheds the blood of man, by man shall his blood be shed; ...

"for in the image of God has God made man' (Gen. 9:6). This, again, implies that the image of God includes the body, otherwise the prohibition against murdering a body would not apply."

Theological Wordbook of OT

"...the OT view of the nature of man is holistic, that is, his function as body, mind, spirit is a unified whole spoken of in very concrete terms."

Int'l Standard Bible Encyclopedia

Life in the OT: "It meant life in the body, the existence and activity of the man in all his parts and energies. It is the person complete, conscious and active."

Theological Wordbook of OT

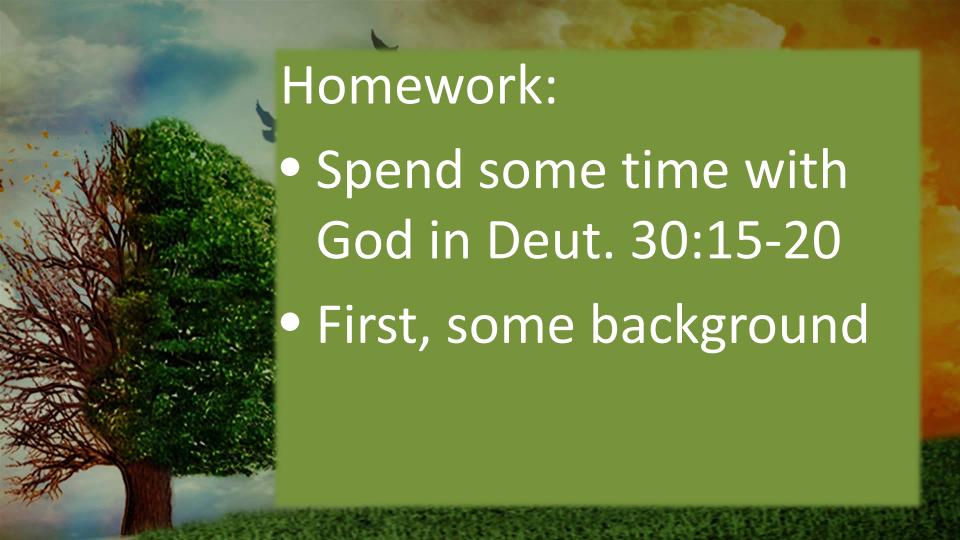
"Life is the ability to exercise all one's vital power to the fullest; death is the opposite."

What is Life?

- Life fully exercising all your Godgiven faculties/powers
 - -Firing on all 8 cylinders
 - —All your heart, soul, mind, and strength

Where Does Life Come From?

- What did Adam do to acquire life?
 - Who planted the Garden of Eden?
 - How did Adam get there?
 - What was Adam to do there?
 - What could remove him?



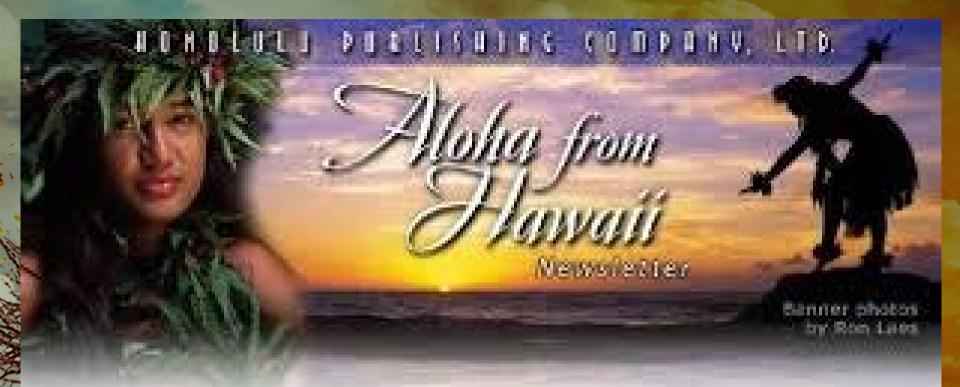
- What did Israel do to become God's people? (Gen 12:2, 7)
- Where were they? (Deut. 1:1)
- How were they to get to the promised land? (1:30)

- Why second time? (1:26-33)
 - —Did their rebellion break the covenant / promise?
 - The real problem? (1:32)
 - -What did rebellion do? (1:34-40)

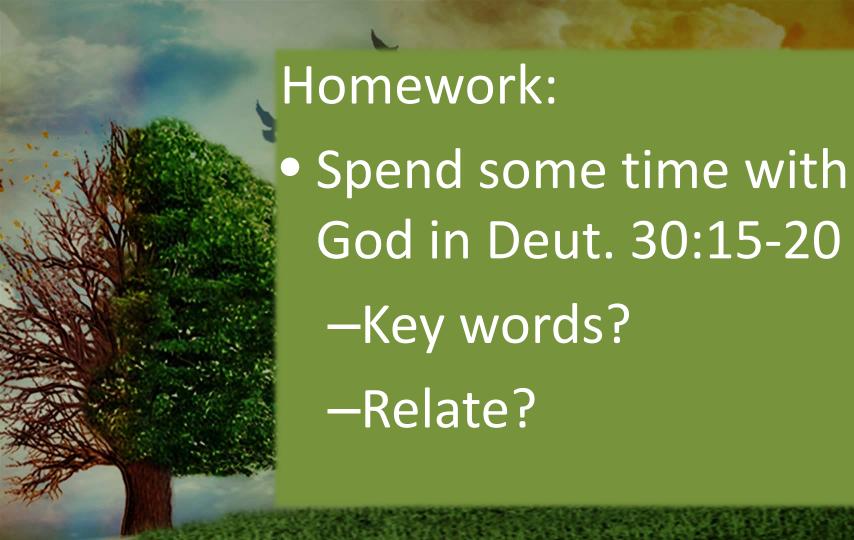
- God made a covenant with David and his descendants (2 Sam. 7:8-17)
 - -Established forever (13, 16 2x)
 - –Did it prove true for each?
 - -1 Kings 2:1-4

Observations

- Life is a gift from God
 - -*Irrevocable* (Rom. 11:28-36)
- Experiencing the fullness of the gift is conditional (cf. Rom. 6:23; Gal. 6:7-8)



WE HAVE A WINNER!



Observations

- Fullness of life is a choice
 - -Set before you ... so choose
 - —'This is what real life looks like, but it's up to you'



Summary Life is a gift from God -Comes through relationship But the full enjoyment of that gift is a choice